ACRES Corncrake SCORECARD

Farmer name: Field number: Surveyor

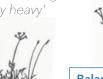
Survey date:

Total Score: (A+B+C) /100

Total score A: A Ecological integrity A1 What is the number of **positive indicators** in the field? Low: 0-4 Medium: 5-12 High: 13+ Tick all positive indicators present below. Note all positive indicators present as you walk a 'W' through the field. Positive indicators: Umbels large (Angelica, Ribwort plantain Marsh cinquefoil & (tick those present) Marsh marigold Common hogweed) Scabious (Devil's-bit & field) Umbels small (Pignut, Yarrow, Bedstraws & stitchworts Marsh pennywort Sedges Wild carrot & Cow parsley) Birdsfoot trefoil Meadow buttercup Selfheal & Bugle Violets (all), Harebell (not Creeping) Common valerian (not Red Small Rushes (Woodrush Meadowsweet Yellow composites (Cats valerian) Spike rush, Heath rush) ears, Hawkweeds, Hawkbits & Eyebrights Mints (all) Sorrel (Sheep & Common) Goats-beard) - **not** dandelion Knapweeds Orchids Thistles (Marsh, Meadow & Yellow flag iris Lady's mantle Oxeye daisy Yellow rattle (Hay rattle) Ragged robin Lady's Smock (cuckoo flower) Tormentil (Common & Red clover Lesser spearwort A3 What is the combined cover of negative A2 What is the combined cover of all indicators/weeds throughout the field? positive indicators throughout the field? (listed above) Cover is the proportion of the Tick if present: Docks (NOT small sorrels) Thistles (Creeping & spear) field taken up by all positive indicators present. Perennial Rye grass Ragwort Nettles Other Low: Only a couple of individual plants present **High >25%:** Occurring in dense patches or abundant -5 0 or you can take several steps without throughout the field. Very visible in the sward. encountering any positive indicators at all. Moderate 5-25%: Occurring in medium to large Moderate: Positive indicators occur every few steps patches in the field. Readily visible in the sward. High: You encounter positive indicators with Low <5%: None or scattered or small clumps of negative 10 every step taken indicators. Where present, cover should be less than 5%A4 Marsh Fritillary suitability assessment in A6 What is the combined **cover of** primarily meadows (or grazed grassland). all large rushes throughout the field? Numerous patches (at least **Yes** Is the Devil's Bit Scabious Yes High: Occurring in dense patches or -5 quarter of the field), or majority present from ankle to abundant throughout the field. knee height throughout? No of field with Devil's Bit Scabious? **No** Moderate: Occurring in medium to large patches in the field. Readily visible in the sward. **A5** What is the overall High: >75% of field. -5 % cover of grasses Low: None or scattered or small clumps of Moderate: 50-75% of field. negative indicators. Where present, cover throughout the field? Low: <50% of field should be less than 5%. **Total score B: B** Structure & functions **/**55

B1 What is the sward density & structure?

Select one based on dominant cover. Large rush cover should be considered 'Very heavy'



Moderate density characterised by thin

density characterised by a thin 'wispy' appearance. Plant flowering heads largely absent or very close to the ground.

characterised by thin appearance or heavy grazing. Herb layer poor or very short. Few flowering heads at appropriate levels.

No general or weak

Balanced vegetation density across the plot not too heavy nor thin.

Often herb rich to 20 cm and easily permeable at ground level. Grasses and herbs a balanced mix.

10



Moderate density characterised by grassy appearance and/or some rank or thatched undergrowth.

Often herb poor with grass dominating at ground level.



Heavy or very heavy sward structure characterised by very grassy appearance or rank thatched undergrowth at the base.

Usually associated with abandonment or excessive fertiliser and reseeding of grass, e.g. reseeded fields.

-10

B2 What percentage of the field contains the optimal vegetation height for corncrake? (20-50cm -ankle to knee)				Low: <25% of field. Moderate: 25-50% of field.		-10 High: 50-75% of field. 5 0 Very high: >75% of field. 10		
B3 Does the field contain an early & late cover plo				ot? Yes: 5 No: Skip B4 & B5 0				
B4 What is the area of early & late cover in the field?	a of early & late 500-1000m² or >5% of total f		d area. 5 features are present in the field that w			ent 1 feature present 5		
B5 What is the percentage of characteristic species in the early & late cover plot? Tick if present: Yellow Flag Iris Large Umbellifers Reed Canary Nettles Meadowsweet Early and Late Cover Creater Street Cover Create				benefit corncrakes? Tick all features present: Rocky outcrop or unmown headland covering >5% of plot 5-20% Reeds cover within the plot Other				
C Threats & future prospects Total score C: (sum of C1 to C4)								/10
Damage to archaeological features Burning				if confined. ments) ary damage al of mature scrubolease specify):	30 20 10 0 b/trees invasive s dron	C2 What is the level of risk to the quality of natural water bodies within, adjacent to and downstream of the field due to pressures relating to flow, sediment, nutrients or other pollutants? The source - pathway - receptor model should inform the assessment (see guidance). High: -25 Low: -5 Moderate: -15 None: 0		
Moderate: Frequent. Some flowering, many seedlings pres Low: Scattered. Plants mostly small and not flowering. None: No non-native invasive species present.			Cotoneaster Giant Hogweed Japanese Knotwee			Himalayan knotweed Himalayan honeysuckle Other (please specify):		
wachinery operations & mowing/grazing				Machinery operations and mowing/grazing identified60 to machinery operations and mowing/grazing identified. 10				
Common manage Control encroach Creation of Early Conservation Frie No management Other management	ning and establish and Late Cover (endly Mowing (in advice.	ned scrub. ELC).						

